

GLOBAL ALL COUNTRY EQUITY ALLOCATION STRATEGY

Quarterly Investment Review

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The Strategy seeks to generate total return greater than that of the MSCI All Country World Index.

The philosophy that underlies all of GMO's Asset Allocation investment strategies is the belief that, at times and in the short term, the pricing of asset classes can deviate from true intrinsic value, but mean reverts to appropriate valuation levels over the long term. Using GMO's 7-Year Asset Class Forecasts, the Strategy seeks to allocate to areas of the global equity markets we believe are most attractively valued. Our approach combines the best of GMO's top-down Asset Allocation views and bottom-up equity research to identify mispricings at both the asset class and individual security levels. The Strategy allocates to equity strategies that are actively managed by other GMO investment teams with expertise and experience in security selection within their respective markets.

MAJOR PERFORMANCE DRIVERS

- Top-down asset allocation was negative. The headline positions of emphasizing Developed ex-U.S. over U.S. equities, along with emphasizing value equities over growth equities, both worked poorly for the quarter.
- Security selection was positive for the quarter, with good outcomes in Developed ex-U.S., Emerging Markets, Japan Fundamental Value, and Resource exposures.

Emerging Market equities, with an emphasis on undervalued stocks within attractively valued countries and sectors, represented 15.4% of the total portfolio weight on average during the quarter. The portfolio was modestly overweight Emerging Market equities relative to the benchmark, which had a positive impact on relative performance as the MSCI Emerging Markets Index returned 24.1%, well ahead of the MSCI ACWI return of 14.9%. Security selection was strong, as the portfolio returned 27.5% in aggregate. Realizing some value on the written-down position in Sberbank Russia (Russia Financials) and an overweight position in United Microelectronics (Taiwan Information Technology) featured among the top five biggest individual contributors to relative performance at the total portfolio level for the quarter, while an underweight position in SK Hynix (Korea Information Technology) featured among the top five biggest individual detractors.

U.S. equities accounted for 43.7% of the total portfolio on average through the quarter, comprising 3.0% in U.S. Small Cap Value, 4.2% in U.S. Small Cap Quality, 8.0% in broad U.S., 12.8% in U.S. Opportunistic Value, 2.0% in Domestic Resilience, and the remainder in the Quality and Resource equity strategies. This leaves the portfolio 19.5% underweight U.S. equities in total, and this had a marginal negative impact on relative performance as the MSCI USA Index returned 15.2%, just beating MSCI ACWI. Security selection was difficult, as the portfolio returned 12.1% in aggregate. Underweight positions in Micron Technology (Information Technology), Advanced Micro Devices (Information Technology), and Intel (Information Technology) featured among the top five biggest individual detractors from relative performance for the quarter, while no U.S. names appeared among the top five biggest individual contributors.

Developed ex-U.S. equities accounted for an average weight of 41.1% of the portfolio for the quarter, including 6.0% in Japan Fundamental Value, 10.9% in International Opportunistic Value, 23.4% in Developed ex-U.S., along with some exposure from the Quality and Resource equity strategies. The portfolio was 16.4% overweight Developed ex-U.S. equities relative to the benchmark, which negatively impacted relative performance as the MSCI World ex-USA Index returned 10.2%, lagging MSCI ACWI. Security selection was strong, as the portfolio returned 12.5% in aggregate. Overweight positions in Panasonic Holdings (Japan Consumer Discretionary), Nokia (Finland Information Technology), and Murata Manufacturing (Japan Information Technology) featured among the top five biggest individual contributors to relative performance for the quarter, while an overweight position in Inpex (Japan Energy) appeared among the top five biggest individual detractors.

Portfolio weights, as a percent of equity, for the positions mentioned were: Sberbank Russia (0.0%), United Microelectronics (0.3%), SK Hynix (0.3%), Micron Technology (0.0%), Advanced Micro Devices (0.0%), Intel (0.0%), Panasonic Holdings (0.8%), Nokia (0.7%), Murata Manufacturing (0.3%), and Inpex (0.5%).

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ANNUALIZED RETURNS (USD, %) (QUARTER-END)

	Quarter-End	YTD	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Inception
Global All Country Equity Allocation Strategy (net)	13.92	17.63	35.15	22.32	11.49	12.02	9.31
Global All Country Equity Allocation Strategy (gross)	14.09	17.98	35.97	23.06	12.17	12.73	10.01
MSCI ACWI ++	14.93	11.25	23.67	19.69	10.98	12.79	8.66
Value Add vs. MSCI ACWI ++	-1.00	+6.38	+11.48	+2.63	+0.50	-0.77	+0.65
MSCI ACWI	14.93	11.25	23.67	19.69	10.98	12.79	8.34
Value Add vs. MSCI ACWI	-1.00	+6.38	+11.48	+2.63	+0.50	-0.77	+0.97

RISKS

Risks associated with investing in the Strategy may include: (1) Market Risk - Equities: the market price of equities may decline due to factors affecting the issuer, its industries, or the economy and equity markets generally. Declines in stock market prices generally are likely to reduce the net asset value of the Fund's shares; (2) Management and Operational Risk: the risk that GMO's investment techniques will fail to produce desired results, including annualized returns and annualized volatility; and (3) Non-U.S. Investment Risk: the market prices of many non-U.S. securities (particularly of companies tied economically to emerging countries) fluctuate more than those of U.S. securities. Many non-U.S. markets (particularly emerging markets) are less stable, smaller, less liquid, and less regulated than U.S. markets, and the cost of trading in those markets often is higher than it is in U.S. markets. This is not a complete list of risks associated with investing in the Strategy. Please contact GMO for more information.

Composite Inception Date: 31-Dec-93

Performance Returns: Performance for the year of inception is less than a full calendar year. Returns shown for periods greater than one year are on an annualized basis. To obtain performance information to the most recent month-end, visit www.gmo.com. **Performance data quoted represents past performance and is not indicative of future results.** Net returns are presented after the deduction of a model advisory fee and incentive fee if applicable. These returns include transaction costs, commissions and withholding taxes on foreign income and capital gains and include the reinvestment of dividends and other income, as applicable. Fees paid by accounts within the composite may be higher or lower than the model fees used. Gross returns are presented gross of management fees and any incentive fees if applicable. These returns include transaction costs, commissions, withholding taxes on foreign income and capital gains and include the reinvestment of dividends and other income, as applicable. If management and incentive fees were deducted performance would be lower. For example, if, before fees, the strategy were to achieve a 10% annual rate of return above its hurdle rate each year for ten years, and an annual advisory fee of 1% and incentive fee of 20% of net returns above the hurdle rate were charged during that period, the resulting average annual net return (after the deduction of management and incentive fees) would be approximately 7.20%. **GMO LLC claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®).** A Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) Composite Report is available at www.gmo.com by clicking the GIPS® Composite Report link in the documents section of the strategy page. GIPS® is a registered trademark owned by CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein. Actual fees are disclosed in Part 2 of GMO's Form ADV and are also available in each strategy's Composite Report. Returns include a substantial, one-time litigation settlement recovery received on December 16, 2024. This event contributed 1.28% to 2024 annual performance, based on a representative account. Performance for other periods, including this date, was also positively impacted, sometimes materially. Without this recovery, performance would have been lower in both absolute terms and relative to the benchmark. Returns reflect a significant, one-time increase to the net assets on November 26, 2025 attributable to European Union discriminatory tax refunds. These refunds contributed 1.12% to 2025 annual performance, based on a representative account. Returns for other periods that include the date/period mentioned above were also positively impacted, sometimes substantially. In the absence of the refunds, performance would have been lower, both in absolute terms and relative to the benchmark. Returns include a substantial, one-time proceed from the sale of certain Russian securities. The one-time sale of these securities contributed 1.39% (1-day performance impact), based on a representative account. Performance for other time periods was also positively impacted. Without these proceeds, performance would have been lower. Additional information is available upon request.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Benchmark(s): The MSCI ACWI ++ Index is an internally maintained benchmark computed by GMO, comprised of (i) GMO blended benchmark of Global All Country Equity Allocation Composite through 06/30/2014 and (ii) MSCI ACWI (All Country World) Index (MSCI Standard Index Series, net of withholding tax) thereafter. The GMO blended benchmark of Global All Country Equity Allocation Composite is comprised of a weighted average of account benchmarks; many of the account benchmarks consist of MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) (MSCI Standard Index Series, net of withholding tax) or some like proxy for each market exposure they have. For each underlying account benchmark, the weighting of each market index will vary slightly. The index is internally blended by GMO and maintained on a monthly basis. The MSCI ACWI (All Country World) Index (MSCI Standard Index Series, net of withholding tax) is an independently maintained and widely published index comprised of global developed and emerging markets. MSCI data may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose. MSCI provides no warranties, has not prepared or approved this report, and has no liability hereunder. The MSCI ACWI (All Country World) Index (MSCI Standard Index Series, net of withholding tax) is an independently maintained and widely published index comprised of global developed and emerging markets. MSCI data may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose. MSCI provides no warranties, has not prepared or approved this report, and has no liability hereunder. Please visit <https://www.gmo.com/americas/benchmark-disclaimers/> to review the complete benchmark disclaimer notice.

The above information is based on a representative account in the Strategy selected because it has the fewest restrictions and best represents the implementation of the Strategy.

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ABOUT GMO

Founded in 1977, GMO is a global asset manager committed to delivering superior performance and advice to our clients. We are privately owned, which allows us to singularly focus on our sole business – achieving outstanding long-term client investment outcomes. Offering multi-asset, equity, fixed income, and alternative strategies, we invest with a long-term, valuation-based philosophical approach.

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